Maths Progression Map

|  | EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number and Place Value | Counting <br> Count objects, actions and sounds. <br> Count beyond 10 . <br> ELG <br> Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system. <br> Identifying, Representing and Estimating <br> Numbers <br> Subitise <br> Link the number symbol(numeral) with it's cardinal number value. <br> ELG <br> Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5 <br> Compare and Order Numbers <br> Compare numbers. <br> ELG <br> Compare numbers up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity. <br> Understanding Place Value <br> Understand the 'one more/one less than' relationship between consecutive numbers. <br> Explore the composition of numbers up to 10. <br> ELG <br> Have a deep understanding of numbers to 10, including the composition of each number. | - count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1 , or from any given number <br> - count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens <br> - given a number, identify one more and one less <br> - identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least <br> - read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words. | - count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number, forward and backward <br> - recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones) <br> - identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line <br> - compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use $<,>$ and $=$ signs <br> - read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words <br> - use place value and number facts to solve problems. |
| Addition and Subtraction | Mental Calculations <br> Automatically recall number bonds for numbers 0-5 and some to 10. <br> ELG <br> Automatically recall(without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10 , including double facts. | - read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition $(+)$, subtraction ( - ) and equals (=) signs <br> - represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 <br> - add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero <br> - solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7=\square-9$. | - solve problems with addition and subtraction: <br> - using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures <br> - applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods <br> - recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100 <br> - add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: <br> - a two-digit number and ones <br> - a two-digit number and tens <br> - two two-digit numbers <br> - adding three one-digit numbers <br> - show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot |



|  |  | - sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening] <br> - recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years <br> - tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. |  |
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| GeometryProperties of shape. | Recognise 2d and 3d Shapes and their Properties Select, rotate and manipulate shapes in order to develop spatial reasoning skills. <br> Compare and Classify Shapes <br> Compose and decompose shapes so that children can recognise a shape can have other shapes within it, just as numbers can. | - recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including: <br> - 2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles] <br> - 3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres]. | - identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line <br> - identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces <br> - identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid] <br> - compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects. |
| Geometry-Position and Direction | Position and Direction <br> Draw information from a simple map. <br> Patterns <br> Continue, copy and create repeating patterns. | - describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns. | - order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences <br> - use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise). |
| Statistics and Probability |  |  | - interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables <br> - ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity <br> - ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data. |

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